IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA CHARLOTTE DIVISION CIVIL ACTION NO.: 3:17-CV-737-DCK

CIVIL ACTION NO.: 5.17-CV-757-DCR

ALESIA S. SMITH, Individually and	1
LORI A. CARVER, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of ARTIE	,
STEVENSON SMITH,	,
)	J
Plaintiffs)	
)	
v.	ı
)	l .
IAIME MADIE CDINDSTAFE D.N. aka.	CONSENT PROTECTIVE ORDER
JAIME MARIE GRINDSTAFF, R.N., aka	CONSENT PROTECTIVE ORDER
JAIME GRINDSTAFF, R.N., aka JAIME	1
GUNDSTADT , individually and in her	1
official capacity as Registered Nurse at	
Mountain View Correctional Institution,	,
KEITH CHARLES D'AMICO, PA-C,	1
individually and in his official capacity as a	
Physician's Assistant at Mountain View	
Correctional Institution, MOUNTAIN	
VIEW CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION,)	1
and THE NORTH CAROLINA	,
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY,)
aka THE DIVISION OF ADULT	1
CORRECTION AND JUVENILE	
JUSTICE IN NORTH CAROLINA,	

Defendants.

In order for Defendant, the North Carolina Department of Public Safety ("NCDPS"), to provide records in the initial disclosures served on Plaintiff on 1 February 2018 and to produce records and documents in this matter thereafter, NCDPS will be required to produce information (which term includes data or data compilations in the form of documents, electronic media, testimony, or any other form or medium) that is otherwise confidential. It is anticipated that some

portion of the confidential information relates to decedent, Artie Stevenson Smith, an inmate formerly in the custody of the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety ("DPS"), or relates to current employees or former employees of DPS. This confidential information ("Confidential Information") is expected to include inmate records deemed confidential pursuant to N.C.G.S. §§ 148-74 and -76, and may include information that is confidential under 42 CFR 2.1, et seq., N.C.G.S. § 122C-52, and HIPAA. In light of the confidentiality of this material, and in an effort to protect that confidentiality, the parties require the entry of a consent order to release the Confidential Information and to ensure that the Confidential Information is not disclosed or used for any purpose in connection with this litigation. In the interests of justice and to further the legitimate causes of this litigation, NCDPS agrees to disclose the Confidential Information in its possession, custody, or control, subject to the conditions set forth herein and adopted by the Court. Accordingly, upon the agreement of counsel for Plaintiffs, counsel for Defendant Keith Charles D'Amico, PA-C, and NCDPS, it is hereby ORDERED that:

- 1. <u>Scope of the Order</u>. This Order applies to all information produced in NCDPS' Rule 26(a)(1) Initial Disclosures served on 1 February 2018 and thereafter in the course of the prosecution or defense of this action, provided that the presiding judicial officer shall determine the procedure for presentation of Confidential Information at pre-trial hearings and trial.
- 2. <u>Use of Confidential Information</u>. All Confidential Information, as defined in this Order, shall be used solely in the prosecution or defense of this action including, but not limited to, mediation, other alternative dispute resolution processes, any other settlement process, and all other pretrial, trial, and post-trial proceedings in this action, and shall not be used or disclosed by

any person for any other purpose.

- 3. <u>Disclosure</u>. "Disclose" or "disclosure" means to provide, impart, transmit, transfer, convey, publish, or otherwise make available.
- 4. <u>Confidential Information</u>. "Confidential Information" consists of "General Confidential Information" and "Attorneys' Eyes Only Confidential Information," which are defined as follows:
 - a. "General Confidential Information" means:
 - The personnel files, as that term is defined in N.C.G.S. § 126-22(3), maintained by NCDPS, excluding personal information as described in Paragraph 4.b(1).
 - 2) Medical and mental health records generated in the treatment or handling of the decedent during his incarceration within DPS which are deemed confidential by N.C.G.S. §§ 148-74 and -76.
 - Records generated in the housing and handling of the decedent during his incarceration within the NCDPS, including video recordings, which are deemed confidential by N.C.G.S. §§ 148-74 and -76.
 - 4) Other information that is potentially embarrassing or invasive of the privacy of a person not a party to this litigation and therefore an appropriate subject of a protective order under Rule 26(c)(1) of the Rules of Civil Procedure.
 - b. "Attorneys' Eyes Only Confidential Information" means:
 - 1) Personal information about NCDPS employees, whether current or former, that is not related to job performance or duties, such as social security numbers, home addresses and telephone numbers, insurance records or

- designations, medical and/or disability information, and other purely private information.
- 2) The financial records, telephone records, and e-mail records of NCDPS employees, whether former or current.
- Highly sensitive security information as it relates to investigations, security designations, staffing patterns and logs, schematic or other drawings and diagrams, and other sensitive security information.
- 5. <u>Disclosure of General Confidential Information</u>. General Confidential Information shall not be disclosed to anyone except:
 - a. The court and its personnel;
 - b. The parties to this action;
 - c. Counsel for the parties to this action and employees of said counsel;
 - d. Experts or consultants specifically retained by the parties or their attorneys to assist them in the preparation of this case or to serve as expert witnesses at the trial of this action, but only after execution of a Confidentiality Agreement as provided in Paragraph 7; and
 - e. Court reporters or videographers engaged to record depositions, hearings, or the trial in this action.
- 6. <u>Disclosure of Attorneys' Eyes Only Confidential Information</u>. Attorneys' Eyes Only Confidential Information shall not be disclosed to anyone except:
 - a. The court and its personnel;
 - b. Counsel for the parties to this action and employees of said counsel;

- c. Experts or consultants specifically retained by the parties or their attorneys to assist them in the preparation of this case or to serve as expert witnesses at the trial of this action, but only after execution of a Confidentiality Agreement as provided in Paragraph 7; and
- d. Court reporters or videographers engaged to record depositions, hearings, or the trial in this action.
- e. In the event that counsel for Plaintiffs withdraws from representation during the pendency of this litigation and Plaintiffs proceed *pro se*, any Attorneys' Eyes Only Confidential Information disclosed by NCDPS to counsel for Plaintiffs may thereafter be disclosed to Plaintiffs upon the following conditions:
 - Plaintiffs must sign a Confidentiality Agreement, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A, as provided for in Paragraph 7 of this Order, and abide by the terms of that Confidentiality Agreement and this Order; and
 - 2) Counsel for Plaintiff agrees to copy any documents marked as Attorneys' Eyes Only Confidential Information onto red paper before disclosing said material to Plaintiffs.
- 7. Confidentiality Agreements. Before Confidential Information is disclosed to any person described in Paragraphs 5(d) or 6(c) of this Order, counsel for the party disclosing the information shall inform the person to whom the disclosure is to be made that Confidential Information shall be used only for the purpose of the prosecution or defense of this action, and shall obtain from the person to whom the disclosure is to be made a signed confidentiality agreement in the form

attached hereto as Exhibit A. Counsel for the party disclosing the Confidential Information to said person shall maintain the original Confidentiality Agreement and need not produce it except by agreement of the parties or upon order of the court.

- 8. <u>Designation of Confidential Information</u>. Information shall be designated as Confidential Information in the following manner:
 - a. In the case of information reduced to paper form, the designation shall be made:
 - (1) by placing the appropriate legend, "CONFIDENTIAL SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER" for General Confidential Information or "CONFIDENTIAL–ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" for Attorneys' Eyes Only Confidential Information, on each page containing such information or;
 - (2) by such other means as agreed to by the parties. The party disclosing the information shall designate the documents as confidential at or before the time of disclosure. A party may make the designation with respect to information disclosed by another party by a writing directed to the producing party's counsel. The producing party's counsel shall then be responsible for labeling the designated information as provided herein.
 - b. Information on a computer disk, data tape, or other medium that has not been reduced to paper form shall be designated as General Confidential Information or Attorneys' Eyes Only Confidential Information:
 - (1) by informing counsel for the parties to this action in writing that the computer disk, data tape, or other medium contains such Confidential

- Information and, where applicable, specifying by Bates or other page number the particular information being designated or;
- (2) by such other means as agreed to by the parties. To the extent practicable, such physical medium should also be labeled using the appropriate legend. Any party receiving Confidential Information designated under this Paragraph 8(b) shall then be responsible for appropriately labeling any printed version(s) of such information that it creates.
- c. In the case of deposition testimony, any party may designate information disclosed during a deposition as General Confidential Information or Attorneys' Eyes Only Confidential Information by either:
 - (1) identifying on the record at the deposition the information that is to be treated as Confidential Information or;
 - (2) marking the portions of the deposition transcript to be designated as Confidential Information within 21 days after receipt of the transcript. When the deponent and the attending parties do not agree to waive the reading, correcting, and signing of the transcript, all information disclosed during a deposition shall be treated as Attorneys' Eyes Only Confidential Information before the expiration of the 21-day period unless otherwise agreed by the parties and the deponent. If any deposition testimony or any document or information used during the course of a deposition is designated as Confidential Information, each page of the deposition transcript containing such information shall be labeled with the appropriate

legend specified in Paragraph 8(a), and the first page of the deposition transcript shall be labeled in a manner that makes it readily apparent that the transcript contains Confidential Information.

- d. Any other information that is not reduced to physical form or cannot be conveniently labeled shall be designated as Confidential Information by serving a written notification of such designation on counsel for the other parties. The notice shall, where applicable, specify by Bates or other page number the particular information being designated.
- 9. <u>Disputes over Designations</u>. If any party objects to the designation of any information as confidential, counsel for the objecting party and counsel for the designating party shall attempt to resolve the disagreement on an informal basis. If the objection is not so resolved, the objecting party may move the court for appropriate relief. The information in question shall continue to be treated as confidential in accordance with the disputed designation unless and until the court issues a final ruling that the information does not qualify for such a designation. The non-filing by the objecting party of a motion for relief shall not be deemed an admission that the information in question qualifies for the disputed designation.
- 10. <u>Inadvertent Disclosure of Confidential Information</u>. Inadvertent disclosure of Confidential Information, without identifying the same as confidential, shall not be deemed a waiver of confidentiality with regard to similar or related information nor shall it be deemed a waiver of confidentiality with regard to the information inadvertently disclosed if promptly called to the attention of counsel for each receiving party.

- 11. Filing of Confidential Information Under Seal. Before filing a document containing any Confidential Information, the filing party must confer with the other parties about how the document should be filed. If the filing party decides that the document should be sealed, the filing party shall file the document along with a motion to seal and supporting memorandum showing that the document may properly be sealed. If a party other than the filing party seeks to have the document sealed, the filing party shall file the document as a proposed sealed document. Instead of a motion to seal and supporting memorandum, the filing party shall file contemporaneously with the document a notice stating that, pursuant to this Paragraph 11, any party seeking the sealing of the document must within 7 days file a motion to seal and supporting memorandum as provided in Local Civil Rule 79.2 or the document will be unsealed by the Clerk without further order of the court.
- 12. <u>Authors/Recipients</u>. Except as specifically provided herein, this Order shall not limit use by a party of its own Confidential Information, nor shall this Order limit the ability of a party to disclose any document to its author or to anyone identified on the face of the document as a recipient.
- 13. Return of Confidential Information. Following the conclusion of this action, including any appeals, NCDPS may request in writing its return by any other party. Within 60 days after service of such a request, any party that received the Confidential Information shall either return it to counsel for NCDPS or destroy it, at the election of the receiving party; provided that the information shall not be destroyed if otherwise ordered by the court or a motion for relief from this Paragraph 13 is pending. If a receiving party elects to destroy the Confidential Information rather than returning it to the NCDPS, counsel for the receiving party shall provide to NCDPS by the 60-

day deadline a signed certification that the Confidential Information has been destroyed. This

Paragraph shall not be construed to require the return or destruction of any regularly maintained

litigation files held by the attorneys of record for each party as archival records or other attorney

work-product created for any party. Any Confidential Information, or portions or excerpts thereof,

which are not returned or destroyed pursuant to this Paragraph shall remain subject to the terms of

this Order. The return of trial exhibits by the court shall be governed by Local Civil Rules 6.1 or

79.1.

14. Admissibility of Information. Neither the terms of this Order nor the disclosure or

designation as confidential of any information pursuant to it shall be deemed to establish or vitiate

the admissibility under the Federal Rules of Evidence of any information subject to this Order.

15. <u>Confidential Employee Information</u>. Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 126-24(4), this Order

authorizes the disclosure of confidential portions of the personnel files maintained by the DPS-

DAC of current or former employees in accordance with the terms of this Order.

16. Modification. This Order is without prejudice to the right of any party or witness to

seek modification or amendment of the Order by motion to the court, or to seek and obtain

additional protection with respect to Confidential Information as such party may consider

appropriate.

SO ORDERED.

Signed: February 6, 2018

David C. Keesler

United States Magistrate Judge